Amendment to the Claims:

This listing will replace all prior versions, and listings, of the claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket, which comprises a cured product layer of a composition comprising:

. (A) an acrylic polymer having at least one alkenyl group capable of undergoing hydrosilylation reaction, reaction obtained by copolymerization of an acrylic acid ester monomer and a compound as a second monomer represented by the general formula:

$$\underline{CH_2} = \underline{CR^1} - \underline{R^4} - \underline{CR^1} = \underline{CH_2}$$

wherein R^1 is a hydrogen atom or a methyl group and R^4 is an organic group of C_1 - C_{20} , which may have at least one ether bond;

- (B) a hydrosilyl group-containing compound; and
- (C) a hydrosilylation catalyst as essential components, and a metal plate or resin plate, the cured product layer being provided on at least one surface of the metal plate or the resin plate.

Claim 2 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, wherein the component (A) of the composition is a liquid acrylic polymer having a number average molecular weight Mn of 500 or more and a molecular weight distribution (Mw/Mn) of 1.8 or less.

Claim 3 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, wherein the cured product layer has a film thickness of 1-500 μ m.

Claim 4 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated according to claim 1, wherein the cured product layer has a surface hardness (Duro hardness A) of 45 or less.

Claim 5 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, wherein the composition is directly applied to an adhesive-coated metal plate or resin plate and cured.

Claim 6 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, which comprises at least one of an automobile engine cylinder head gasket, an engine oil pan gasket and an engine intake-exhaust manifold gasket.

Claim 7 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, wherein the cured product is provided on a resin plate that has a softening point of 100°C or more.

Claim 8 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 2, which comprises at least one of an automobile engine cylinder head gasket, an engine oil pan gasket and an engine intake-exhaust manifold gasket.

Claim 9 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 3, which comprises at least one of an automobile engine cylinder head gasket, an engine oil pan gasket and an engine intake-exhaust manifold gasket.

Claim 10 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 4, which comprises at least one of an automobile engine cylinder head gasket, an engine oil pan gasket and an engine intake-exhaust manifold gasket.

Claim 11 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 2, wherein the cured product is provided on a resin plate that has a softening point of 100°C or more.

Claim 12 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin-integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 3, wherein the cured product is provided on a resin plate that has a softening point of 100°C or more.

Claim 13 (Currently amended): A metal- or resin integrated resin-laminated gasket according to claim 4, wherein the cured product is provided on a resin plate that has a softening point of 100°C or more.

Claim 14 (New): A metal- or resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, wherein the second

monomer is one of 1,5-hexadiene, 1,7-octadiene and 1,9-decadiene.

Claim 15 (New): A metal- or resin-laminated gasket according to claim 1, wherein the second monomer reacts at a final stage of the polymerization react or after completion of the reaction of the acrylic acid ester monomer in the synthesis of acrylic polymers by living radical polymerization.